

## A7.0 FEEDBACK RESISTORS AND AMPLIFIER NOISE

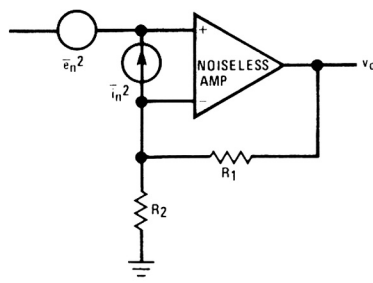


FIGURE A7.1 Practical Feedback Amplifier

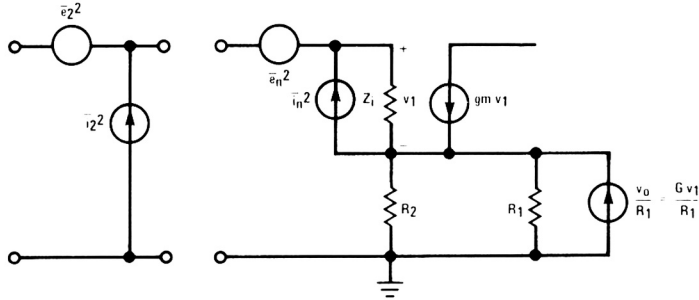


FIGURE A7.2 Model of First Stage of Amplifier

To see the effect of the feedback resistors on amplifier noise, model the amplifier of Figure A7.1 as shown in Figure A7.2.

We must now show that the intrinsic noise generators  $\bar{e}_n^2$  and  $\bar{i}_n^2$  are related to the noise generators outside the feedback loop,  $\bar{e}_2^2$  and  $\bar{i}_2^2$ . In addition, the output noise at  $v_0$  can be related to  $v_1$  by the open loop gain of the amplifier  $G$ , i.e.,

$$v_0 = v_1 G$$

Thus  $v_1$  is a direct measure of the noise behavior of the amplifier. Open circuit the amplifier and equate the effects of the two noise current generators. By superposition:

$$v_1 = i_2 Z_i$$

$$\text{also } v_1 = i_n Z_i$$

$$\therefore \bar{i}_n^2 = \bar{i}_2^2$$

Short circuit the input of the amplifier to determine the effect of the noise voltage generators. To do this, short the amplifier at  $\bar{e}_2^2$  and determine the value of  $v_1$ , then short circuit the input at  $\bar{e}_n^2$  and find the value of  $v_1$ .

$$e_2 = v_1 + R_1 \parallel R_2 \left( gm v_1 + \frac{G v_1}{R_1} \right)$$

$$v_1 = e_2 \frac{1}{1 + gm R_1 \parallel R_2 + G \frac{R_1 \parallel R_2}{R_1}} \quad (\text{A7.1})$$

Now short the input at  $\bar{e}_n^2$ ;  $\bar{e}_n^2$  and  $\bar{i}_n^2$  both affect  $v_1$ .

$\bar{e}_n^2$  gives:

$$v_1 = e_n \frac{1}{1 + gm R_1 \parallel R_2 + G \frac{R_1 \parallel R_2}{R_1}} \quad (\text{A7.2})$$

$\bar{i}_n^2$  gives:

$$-v_1 = Z_i \parallel R_1 \parallel R_2 \left( gm v_1 + G \frac{v_1}{R_1} - i_n \right)$$

Assume  $Z_i \gg R_1 \parallel R_2$

$$v_1 = \frac{i_n R_1 \parallel R_2}{1 + gm R_1 \parallel R_2 + G \frac{R_1 \parallel R_2}{R_1}} \quad (\text{A7.3})$$

Add Equations (A7.2) and (A7.3) and equate to Equation (A7.1):

$$\frac{\bar{e}_n^2 + \bar{i}_n^2 (R_1 \parallel R_2)^2}{\left( 1 + gm R_1 \parallel R_2 + G \frac{R_1 \parallel R_2}{R_1} \right)^2} = \frac{\bar{e}_2^2}{\left( 1 + gm R_1 \parallel R_2 + G \frac{R_1 \parallel R_2}{R_1} \right)^2}$$

$$\therefore \bar{e}_2^2 = \bar{e}_n^2 + \bar{i}_n^2 (R_1 \parallel R_2)^2.$$